

प्रश्नपत्रिका क्र.

924172

कोड : २०२

परीक्षा दिनांक : १५/१२/२०१३

माध्यम : इंग्रजी

महाराष्ट्र राज्य शिक्षक पात्रता परीक्षा
(MAHATET)

वेळ : दुपारी २.३० ते सायंकाळी ५.००

पेपर II (इ. द्वी ते इ. ८वी)
बैठक क्रमांक

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एकूण गुण १५०

एकूण पृष्ठे ३२

प्रश्नपत्रिका सोडविण्यापूर्वी कृपया खालील सूचना काळजीपूर्वक वाचा.

सूचना :

- प्रश्नपत्रिकेमध्ये सलग एकूण १५० प्रश्न असून ते सोडविण्यासाठी उमेदवारास अडीच तास वेळ देण्यात आलेला आहे. प्रत्येक प्रश्नास एक गुण आहे. सर्व प्रश्न सोडविणे आवश्यक आहे.
- प्रत्येक प्रश्न वस्तुनिष्ठ स्वरूपाचा असून प्रश्नाच्या खाली उत्तराचे पर्याय दिलेले आहेत. उत्तर नोंदविताना चार पर्यायांपैकी बरोबर उत्तर असलेल्या पर्याय क्रमांकाच्या वर्तुळाला काळ्या/निळ्या शाईच्या बॉलपेनने पूर्णपणे रंगवून उत्तर देणे आवश्यक आहे. अर्धवट रंगवलेले वर्तुळ, खाडाखोड अथवा एकाच प्रश्नासाठी दोन उत्तरे दर्शविलेली असतील अशा उत्तरांना गुण दिले जाणार नाहीत. पेन्सिलीने नोंदविलेली उत्तरे तपासली जाणार नाहीत. प्रश्नपत्रिकेमध्ये खालीलप्रमाणे विषयनिहाय प्रश्न आहेत.

माध्यम

 - भाग - A : भाषा १ व २ - प्रश्न-क्रमांक १ ते ६० - ६० गुण इंग्रजी, मराठी
 - भाग - B : बालमानसशास्त्र व अध्यापनशास्त्र - प्रश्न-क्रमांक ६१ ते ९० - ३० गुण इंग्रजी
 - भाग - C : गणित व विज्ञान किंवा सामाजिकशास्त्रे - प्रश्न-क्रमांक ९१ ते १५० - ६० गुण इंग्रजी
- एकदा दिलेले उत्तर बदलता येणार नाही.
- प्रत्यक्ष परीक्षा झाल्यानंतर एक आठवड्याचे आत संभाव्य उत्तरसूची जाहिर करण्यात येईल. प्रश्नपत्रिकेमधील प्रश्नांबाबत प्राप्त आक्षेपांनुसार कोणत्याही कारणामुळे प्रश्न (प्रश्न व पर्यायी उत्तरे) चुकीचे आहेत असे आढळल्यास व परिषदेच्या तज्ञ समितीने ते मान्य केल्यास ते प्रश्न रद्द करून उर्वरित प्रश्नांच्या गुणांवर आधारीत तज्ञ समितीने निश्चित केलेल्या सूत्रानुसार अचूक प्रश्नांनुसार पात्रता जाहिर करण्यात येईल.
- परीक्षार्थीने आपला बैठक क्रमांक त्यांना पुरविलेल्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेवर नोंदवावा.
- प्रश्नपत्रिकेत कोणत्याही प्रश्नांच्या उत्तराची नोंद करू नये, उत्तरपत्रिकेचा, प्रश्नपत्रिकेचा कोणताही भाग वेगळा करू नये.
- कच्चे काम करण्यासाठी प्रश्नपत्रिकेच्या शेवटच्या पानावर दिलेल्या कोऱ्या जागेचा वापर करावा.
- परीक्षार्थीने प्रश्नपत्रिकेचा क्रमांक उत्तरपत्रिकेवर व उत्तरपत्रिकेचा क्रमांक प्रश्नपत्रिकेवर व दोन्ही क्रमांक स्वाक्षरीपटावर लिहिणे आवश्यक आहे.
- परीक्षा प्रवेशपत्राची मागणी केल्यास पर्यवेक्षकास दाखवावे. प्रवेशपत्रात दुरुस्ती असल्यास ती करून / नसल्यास तसेच प्रवेशपत्र परीक्षेनंतर पर्यवेक्षकाकडे देऊन पोच घ्यावी व ही पोच पावती जपून ठेवावी.
- उत्तरपत्रिका देताना उत्तरपत्रिकेची Carbonless प्रत परीक्षार्थीने परीक्षा झाल्यानंतर परत घेऊन स्वाक्षरी पटावर दूसरी स्वाक्षरी करावी. दुसरी स्वाक्षरी नसल्यास त्याने उत्तरपत्रिका पर्यवेक्षकाकडे दिलेली नाही असे समजण्यात येईल.
- पर्यवेक्षकाच्या सूचनेशिवाय परीक्षागृह सोडू नये.
- परीक्षार्थीने परीक्षा चालू असताना अथवा परीक्षा संपल्यानंतर परीक्षेसंबंधी कोणतेही साहित्य परीक्षागृहाबाहेर नेल्यास / नेल्याचे निदर्शनास आल्यास त्याची या परीक्षेतील उमेदवारी रद्द होईल. त्याचबरोबर त्यांचेविरुद्ध भारतीय दंडसंहिता (IPC) अंतर्गत कारवाई करण्यात येईल.

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PART - A : ENGLISH

1. Choose the correct 'Question Tag' :

Nothing is impossible.

- (1) is it ? (2) isn't it ? (3) is they ? (4) are they ?

2. Choose the correct 'Simple Sentence' for the given sentence :

The criminal removed all traces of his crime. He left the building.

- (1) The criminal removed all traces of his crime and left the building.
(2) Removing all traces of his crime, the criminal leave the building.
(3) Removing all traces of his crime, the criminal left the building.
(4) Removing all traces of his crime the criminal leaves the building.

3. Choose the correct 'Passive Voice' for the given sentence :

Why don't you teach the students ?

- (1) Why are you not taught by the students ?
(2) Why were the students not taught by you ?
(3) Why the students are not taught by you ?
(4) Why are the students not taught by you ?

4. Choose the correct 'Degree Sentence' for the given sentence :

Temperature is one of the most important physical factors.

- (1) Very few physical factors are more important than temperature.
(2) Very few physical factors are as important as temperature.
(3) Very few physical factor is more important than temperature.
(4) Very few physical factor is as important as temperature.

5. Choose the correct use of 'Though' in the following sentence :

Sudhir is dull. He studies hard to get good marks.

- (1) Though Sudhir is dull, he studies hard to get good marks.
- (2) Though Sudhir is dull but he studied hard to good marks.
- (3) Though Sudhir is dull, he study hard to get good marks.
- (4) Though Sudhir dull, he studies hard to get good marks.

6. Choose the correct 'Rhetorical Question' for the following sentence :

Piu decided to hide in her office.

- (1) Doesn't Piu decide to hide in her office ?
- (2) Don't Piu decide to hide in her office ?
- (3) Didn't Piu decide to hide in her office ?
- (4) Did Piu decided to hide in her office ?

7. Choose the correct 'Exclamatory' sentence for the given sentence :

The task has been very laborious.

- (1) How laborious has been the task !
- (2) How laborious the task has been !
- (3) How has been laborious the task !
- (4) How has laborious the task been !

8. Choose the correct 'Indirect Speech' of the given sentence :

John said to the man, "Are you her friend ?"

- (1) John asked the man if he was her friend.
- (2) John asked the man if he was her friend ?
- (3) John asked to the man if he was her friend.
- (4) John asked the man if he is her friend.

9. Name the underlined 'Clause' in the given sentence :

Note it properly lest you may forget all about it.

- (1) Adverb Clause of Reason
- (2) Adverb Clause of Result
- (3) Adverb Clause of Purpose
- (4) Adjective Clause

10. Choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word :

'Apogee'

- (1) Climax
- (2) Beginning
- (3) Middle
- (4) Bottom

11. Choose the word 'Opposite' in meaning to the given word :

'Perverse'

- (1) Compliant
- (2) Fraction
- (3) Intractable
- (4) Obstinate

12. Identify which part of the sentence has an error :

One should make / his efforts if one wishes to achieve /
A B

success in this organisation. / No error
C D

- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D

13. Choose the one which can be substituted for the given sentence :

'A post without remuneration'

- (1) Voluntary
- (2) Sinecure
- (3) Honorary
- (4) Involuntary

14. Choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given idiom :

'To keep the ball rolling'

- (1) To earn more and more (2) To work constantly
(3) To keep the conversation going (4) To make the best use of it

15. Choose the 'Correctly Spelt' word :

- (1) Bouquete (2) Bouquet (3) Boquet (4) Bouquette

16. Pick out the word that is either most nearly the same in meaning or opposite of the given word :

'Privy'

- (1) Dishonest (2) Quiet (3) Cautious (4) Secretive

17. Choose the 'Grammatically Wrong' sentence in the following :

- (1) Apples are sold by a dozen.
(2) The captain with his soldiers was killed.
(3) Why did you absent yourself from your classes ?
(4) He cut his hand with a knife.

18. Identify the 'Figure of Speech' in the following :

simple, erect, severe, austere, sublime.

- (1) Repetition (2) Synecdoche (3) Litotes (4) Climax

19. Choose the correct 'Preposition' :

We are accountable _____ God for our actions.

- (1) at (2) for (3) to (4) in

20. Choose the correct 'Article' :

_____ declaration of Independence was drawn up in 1776.

- (1) A (2) An (3) The (4) No article

21. The young one of a dog is a puppy. The young one of a hare is _____.

- (1) Leveret (2) Kid (3) Cygnet (4) Foal

22. The cry of a duck is 'quack'. The cry of a pig is _____.
- (1) hoot (2) coo (3) squeal (4) lisp
23. The diminutive of the book is a 'booklet'. The diminutive of a river is _____.
- (1) Reticule (2) Rivulet (3) Ringlet (4) Streamlet
24. The phobia about air is aerophobia. The phobia about old age is _____.
- (1) gnosiophobia (2) pyrophobia (3) aglophobia (4) geraphobia
25. Identify which part of the sentence has an error :
- One of the most / widely spread bad habit /
- A B
- is the use of tobacco. / No error.
- C D
- (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D

Read the following poem and choose the most appropriate answer : (Q. Nos. 26 to 30)

The earth was green, the sky was blue;
 I saw and heard one sunny morn
 A skylark hang between the two,
 A singing speck above the corn.

A stage below in gay accord,
 White butterflies danced on wing,
 And still the singing skylark soared.
 And silent sank and soared to sing.

The cornfield stretched a tender green
 To right and left beside my walks;
 I knew he had a nest unseen,
 Somewhere among the million stalks.

And as I paused to hear his song
 While swift the sunny moments slid.
 Perhaps his mate sal listening long
 And listened longer than I did.

26. The skylark sang when _____.
- (1) it rained
- (2) the sun shone
- (3) the earth was green and the sky without clouds
- (4) there were clouds

27. The skylark while singing looked like _____.
- (1) a star (2) an insect (3) an eagle (4) a small dot
28. The skylark rose upwards and upwards :
- (1) while flying (2) while singing
(3) while looking (4) while looking downwards
29. The nest of the skylark was :
- (1) in the fields below
(2) beside other nests
(3) among the numberless stems of corn
(4) among trees
30. The word 'Paused' means :
- (1) stopped (2) stood erect (3) flew across (4) went straight

PART - A : MARATHI

31. पुढीलपैकी कोणते नाव आत्मचरित्राचे नाही ?
- (1) केशराचे शेत (2) संपूर्ण बाळकराम (3) ही 'श्री'ची इच्छा (4) बहुरुपी
32. पुढील समीक्षात्मक पुस्तकांच्या नावांमधून नरहर कुरुंदकर यांचे पुस्तक ओळखा :
- (1) धार आणि काट (2) अॅरिस्टॉटलचे काव्यशास्त्र
(3) साहित्य आणि सौंदर्य (4) जाळ्यातील चंद्र
33. पुढीलपैकी कोणती प्रकाशन संस्था मुंबई बाहेरची आहे ?
- (1) ग्रंथाली (2) मौज
(3) पॉप्युलर (4) सुविचार प्रकाशन मंडळ
34. पुढील लेखकांपैकी अर्थशास्त्राचे प्राध्यापक कोण ?
- (1) महेश एल्कुंचवार (2) गंगाधर गाडगीळ (3) अनंत काणेकर (4) गो. वि. करंदीकर

35. पुढील जोड्यांमधून योग्य जोडी ओळखा :
- (1) श्रीनिवास विनायक कुलकर्णी - सोन्याचा पिंपळ
 (2) राम गणेश गडकरी - सुदाम्याचे पोहे
 (3) चिंतामणराव कोल्हटकर - आणखी चिमणराव
 (4) विद्याधर पुंडलीक - बनगरवाडी
36. "तुमचं बाळाकडे लक्ष नसेल तर तेच तुमचं लक्ष वेधून घेईल." या वाक्यातील काळ ओळखा :
- (1) पूर्ण वर्तमानकाळ (2) भविष्यकाळ (3) भूतकाळ (4) अपूर्ण वर्तमानकाळ
37. 'वाच्य + अर्थ' या दोन पदांचा योग्य रीतीने केलेला संधी ओळखा :
- (1) वाच्यार्थ (2) वाचर्थ (3) वाच्यर्थ (4) वाचार्य
38. 'पाणसाप' या सामासिक शब्दातील समासाचे नाव ओळखा :
- (1) षष्ठी तत्पुरुष (2) पंचमी तत्पुरुष (3) सप्तमी तत्पुरुष (4) तृतीया तत्पुरुष
39. समानार्थी शब्दांची योग्य जोडी ओळखा :
- (1) मद्य - अपेय (2) वर्ण - कर्ण (3) मर्म - धर्म (4) अंगीकृत - अस्वीकृत
40. विरुद्धार्थी शब्दांची योग्य जोडी ओळखा :
- (1) तटिनी × सरिता (2) आय × व्यय (3) कलंक × काळिमा (4) विरह × दुरावा
41. गटात न बसणारा शब्द ओळखा :
- (1) क्लेश (2) कष्ट (3) कृष्ण (4) पाणी
42. गटात न बसणारा शब्द ओळखा :
- (1) सासरा (2) दिवा (3) पुरुष (4) मूळ
43. उपसर्गघटित शब्द ओळखा :
- (1) विशेष (2) विनंती (3) विनय (4) विभावरी

44. प्रत्ययघटित शब्द ओळखा :
- (1) निर्मम (2) अभ्युदय (3) आनंद (4) चराऊ
45. चुकीच्या पद्धतीने केलेले अनेकवचन ओळखा :
- (1) तोंडले - तोंडल्या (2) गोपी - गोपी
(3) रावा - रावे (4) भूत - भुते
46. पुढील जोड्यांमधून भिन्नलिंगी जोडी ओळखा :
- (1) काया - पगडी (2) शरीर - देह (3) आकाश - गगन (4) प्रकाश - उजेड
47. चुकीच्या पद्धतीने केलेले सामान्य रूप ओळखा :
- (1) नवरा - नवऱ्या (2) बायको - बायको (3) मूल - मुला (4) अपत्य - अपत्ये
48. "हिमालयात ज्या नद्या उगम पावतात, त्या बहुतेक गंगेला येऊन मिळतात." या वाक्यात कोणत्या प्रकारचा शब्द मुळीच आलेला नाही ?
- (1) विशेषनाम (2) सर्वनाम (3) भाववाचक नाम (4) सामान्य नाम
49. भाववाचक नामाचे चुकीचे रूप ओळखा :
- (1) वैविध्यता (2) सौकर्य (3) सामीप्य (4) मधुरता
50. "आकाशवाणीद्वारे जागतिक पातळीवर संदेश पोचविला जात असतो." या वाक्यातील प्रयोग ओळखा :
- (1) अकर्मक कर्तरी (2) सकर्मक कर्तरी (3) भावे (4) कर्मणी
51. 'ये रे कुत्र्या, खा माझा पाय' - या म्हणीचा योग्य अर्थ ओळखा :
- (1) भूतदया दाखविणे
(2) आपणहून संकट ओढवून घेणे
(3) एखाद्याला 'कुत्रा' म्हणून त्याचा अपमान करणे
(4) त्याग करण्याची तयारी ठेवणे

52. 'चालत्या गाड्याला खीळ घालणे' या वाक्यप्रचाराचा योग्य अर्थ ओळखा :
- (1) चांगल्या चाललेल्या गोष्टीत विघ्न आणणे (2) गाड्याचा वेग वाढविणे
 (3) गाड्याची नीट दुरुस्ती करणे (4) जुना गाडा बदलून टाकणे
53. पुढील वाक्यांमधून प्रश्नार्थक नसलेले वाक्य ओळखा :
- (1) हे एवढे उरलेले अन्न आता कोणाला देणार
 (2) किती लोचट आहे हा माणूस
 (3) पण तू चुकीची गोष्ट का केलीस
 (4) नोकरीत एवढा वेळ घालवणाऱ्याने अभ्यास केव्हा करायचा
54. "अफंवावर आधारित बातम्या वाताहरां नी देउ नयेत." या वाक्यात लेखननियमांनुसार किती चुका आहेत ?
- (1) तीन (2) एक (3) दोन (4) पाच
55. "त्या मुलाचे वडील लहानपणीच निधन पावलेले असतात." या वाक्यातील चूक शोधून दुरुस्ती सूचवा :
- (1) असतात - आहेत
 (2) वडील लहानपणीच - वडील त्यांच्या लहानपणीच
 (3) निधन पावलेले असतात - वारलेले असतात
 (4) वडील लहानपणीच - वडील त्यांच्या लहानपणीच

आकलन उतारा :

साहित्यासंबंधी विचार व चर्चा होते ती पुष्कळशी उत्कृष्ट कलाकृतीपुरती होते व पहिल्या दर्जाच्या कलावंतापुरती होते. खरे पाहता, कोणत्याही वेळी उत्तमापासून अगदी सामान्यापर्यंत अशा प्रकारचे साहित्य निर्माण होते आणि वाचले जाते. तेव्हा जे काही निकष, संकेत साहित्याला लावावयाचे ते सर्वच साहित्याला लावण्यासारखे असावयास हवेत, नियम सर्व साहित्यिकांनी पाळण्यास योग्य हवेत. कलात्मक प्रतिज्ञा कर्तव्यबुद्धी किंवा जबाबदारीची जाणीव ही गोष्ट अशी सर्वांना लागू होणारी आहे. उदा. विनोदी लेखन करताना, राजकीय, सामाजिक व इतर व्यंगांवर विनोदाचे 'शस्त्र' चालविताना, स्वतःचे हेवेदावे व पूर्वग्रह बाजूला ठेवून लिहिणे हे अवघड व्रत आहे. जगातील कुरूपतेकडे, विसंगतीकडे आणि दंभाकडे निकोप दृष्टीने पाहता येते व हसता येते. हसताना कोणाचाही मुलाहिजा ठेवावा लागत नाही; कारण त्या हसण्यात कुत्सितपणा

व करंटेपणा नसतो, ही महत्वाची गोष्ट जुन्या राजांच्या पदरी असलेल्या शहाण्या विदूषकांना अवगत होती. तीच आजच्या विनोदी लेखकांनाही अवगत असावयास पाहिजे. पण आपण पुष्कळदा असे पाहतो की, विनोदी लेखक हा संकेत बाजूला ठेवतात, खुषमस्करी किंवा वाकडी निंदा विनोदाच्या पांघरुणाखाली करू लागतात. तात्कालिक लोकप्रियता मिळविण्यासाठी ही बेजबाबदार वर्तणूक विनोदी लेखक करील किंवा गंभीर प्रकृतीचा नाटककार वा कथाकारही करील. तो सामान्य असेल वा प्रथितयश प्रतिभावंतही असेल. पण परिणामी अशी वर्तणूक भयावहच ठरते.

आज भय आहे ते या प्रतिज्ञापालनाच्या व नीतिसंकेतांच्या बाबतीत होणाऱ्या भ्रष्टतेचे. मोठ्यांकडून वा लहानांकडून, परंपरावाद्यांकडून वा नवसाहित्यकारांकडून, कशीही, कोटूनही असो; भ्रष्टतेचा धोका हा सार्वत्रिक आहे. या भ्रष्टतेबाबतीत बधीरपणा व आंधळेपणा येण्याचीही भीती आहे. आज साक्षरतेच्या प्रसारामुळे वाचकांची संख्या वाढली आहे, पण संवेदना प्रगल्भ झालेली नाही. प्रकाशन व्यवसायाच्या व्यापारी विकासामुळे समृद्धी आली आहे, पण गुणवत्तेकडे लक्ष पुरविले जात नाही. त्यामुळे कलावंताला व वाचकाला व उमगणाऱ्या चोरपावलांनी भ्रष्टता आक्रमण करित आहे.

वरील उताऱ्यावरील प्रश्नांच्या उत्तरांचे योग्य पर्याय निवडा : (प्रश्न-क्रमांक 56 ते 60)

56. 'संकेत' म्हणजे काय ?

- (1) इशारे (2) ठराविक नियम (3) मर्यादा (4) दडपणे

57. 'दंभ' या शब्दाचा अचूक अर्थ निवडा :

- (1) ढोंग (2) वाईटपणा (3) दुष्प्रवृत्ती (4) हाव

58. 'कुत्सितपणा व करंटेपणा' या शब्दांच्या अर्थाची योग्य जोडी कोणती ?

- (1) मत्सर व वाकडेपणा (2) उर्मटपणा व हेवा
(3) दुष्टपणा व छळवादी वृत्ती (4) कुजकेपणा व क्षुद्र नाकर्तेपणा

59. 'प्रगल्भ' या शब्दातून लेखकाला कोणता अर्थ व्यक्त करावयाचा आहे ?

- (1) प्रौढ व समजूतदार (2) म्हातारी व जुनाट
(3) नीरोगी व सरळपणाची (4) सर्व मुकाटपणे स्वीकारणारी

60. या मांडणीतून लेखकाची कशा तऱ्हेची भूमिका दिसून येते ?

- (1) नापसंती व्यक्त करणारी (2) तटस्थतेची
(3) सावधगिरीचा इशारा देण्याची (4) संतापाची भावना व्यक्त करणारी

PART - B : CHILD DEVELOPMENT AND PEDAGOGY

61. According to Harword and Rothway, the physical development is rapid from birth to _____ years.
- (1) 1 (2) 2 (3) 3 (4) 4
62. Out of two children with similar intellectual capacity, if one is brought up in a general environment and the other is brought up in a rich environment, then _____ .
- (1) Development of both will be same.
(2) The development of first child will be better than the second.
(3) The development of the second child will be better than the first.
(4) Cannot say anything about their development.
63. Which of the following is not a stage of mental development of an individual according to Piaget ?
- (1) Preverbal Stage
(2) Preoperational Representation Stage
(3) Stage of Abstract Operation
(4) Stage of Cognitive Development
64. Who put forth the idea that children should be given actual experiences for concept formation and abstract thinking ?
- (1) Kohlberg (2) Bruner (3) Andersen (4) Piaget
65. Which of the following things should be avoided when formal education begins in childhood stage ?
- (1) give more emphasis on writing and reading skill.
(2) increase the duration of school periods.
(3) give more importance to activity in teaching.
(4) give chance to students to participate in dramatization.
66. Which of the following is not a law of heredity ?
- (1) Law of Sincilarity (2) Law of Variation
(3) Law of Regression (4) Law of Effect
67. A student having intelligence quotient less than 25 will be included in which of the following class ?
- (1) Border (2) Moron (3) Imbecile (4) Idiot

68. What is the formula of intelligence quotient prepared by the American Psychologist, Terman ?

$$(1) \text{ Intelligence Quotient} = \frac{\text{Mental Age}}{\text{Chronological Age}} \times 100$$

$$(2) \text{ Intelligence Quotient} = \frac{\text{Chronological Age}}{\text{Mental Age}} \times 100$$

$$(3) \text{ Intelligence Quotient} = \frac{\text{Mental Age}}{100} \times \text{Chronological Age}$$

$$(4) \text{ Intelligence Quotient} = \frac{\text{Chronological Age}}{\text{Mental Age}}$$

69. Which of the following does not support in concept formation ?

- (1) Actual knowledge or perception of things.
- (2) Analysing objective characteristics and separating a characteristic by imagination.
- (3) Formation of common ideas and its generalisation.
- (4) No mastery over language in concept formation.

70. In which of the following aspect will the examples like self-controlled, studious, researcher and narrow minded will be included ?

- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| (1) likes and dislikes | (2) tendency |
| (3) intellectual | (4) physiological |

71. According to Cronbach and Supple when activity is indicated in the evaluation then is called as _____ evaluation.

- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| (1) activity oriented | (2) decision oriented |
| (3) conclusion oriented | (4) specified or indicated |

72. What is meant by continuous and comprehensive evaluation ?

- (A) Evaluating intellectual progress of students continuously.
- (B) Evaluating emotional progress of students continuously.
- (C) Evaluating psychomotor progress of students continuously.

(1) Only A and B (2) Only B and C (3) Only A and C (4) A, B and C

73. In 1959 Guilford included _____ factors in his theory of intelligence.

- | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| (1) 120 | (2) 130 | (3) 125 | (4) 110 |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|

74. A teacher should make suitable changes in teaching method by keeping individual differences in mind because _____.
- (1) The intellectual level of children is different.
 - (2) The comprehension power of children is different.
 - (3) Every child will get an opportunity to progress according to his ability.
 - (4) All of the above
75. "Before teaching the Latin language to John, the teacher must first have knowledge and information about John." Which education is indicated by the above statement ?
- (1) Teacher Centred Education
 - (2) Student Centred Education
 - (3) Language Centred Education
 - (4) Knowledge Centred Education
76. Which of the following group of mentally retarded children can become literate and acquire occupational competencies ?
- (1) Moderate Mental Retardation
 - (2) Mild Mental Retardation
 - (3) Severe Mental Retardation
 - (4) Profound Mental Retardation
77. Which of the following is not a reason of Cerebral Palsy ?
- (1) Medicines taken by a pregnant woman
 - (2) Diseases occurring in a mother during pregnancy
 - (3) Brain injury during accident
 - (4) Large size of the skull
78. Which of the following things should not be done to overcome visual impairment ?
- (1) Take nutritious diet
 - (2) Avoid intense sunlight, light on the eyes.
 - (3) Hold the book at a short distance while reading.
 - (4) Avoid strain on the eyes.
79. Which of the following students show the characteristics of gifted children ?
- (1) 'A' has less adjustment capacity
 - (2) 'B' has no ignorance of current affairs
 - (3) 'C' has less skill of artistry
 - (4) 'D' has unrealistic awareness

80. Which of the following should be avoided by a teacher of special education ?
- (1) Students, competencies, qualities and deficiencies should not be neglected.
 - (2) Ignorance about the aids, apparatus (devices) and equipments needed for children with special needs.
 - (3) No consideration about the mentality of children with special needs.
 - (4) Take more efforts in providing guidance of experts to these children.
81. Who gave more emphasis on study of pair, emotions and imagination and laid the foundation of psychology based on scientific stand (role) ?
- (1) Wilhem Wundt
 - (2) Charles Darwin
 - (3) J. B. Watson
 - (4) Loyd Morgan
82. Which theory was put forth by Bagley ?
- (1) Theory of Transfer
 - (2) Theory of Identical Components
 - (3) Theory of Generalisation
 - (4) Theory of Ideals
83. Who has given the following specifications of teaching ?
- (A) descriptive
 - (B) effective based
 - (C) objective based
 - (D) idealistic
- (1) Marsha Weil and Bruce Joyce
 - (2) B. O. Smith
 - (3) Pearl and Shoose
 - (4) Hilda Taba
84. Who was the founder of Model of School Learning ?
- (1) Schriren
 - (2) Cronbach
 - (3) Suppe
 - (4) John B. Carol
85. Which of the following factors affect the process of interaction between teachers and students ?
- (A) Various groups of children in classroom
 - (B) Personality of teacher and student
 - (C) Motivation for students to learn
 - (D) Teacher's viewpoint of looking at the students
- (1) A, B, C
 - (2) B, C, D
 - (3) A, B, C, D
 - (4) A, C, D
86. When the school children participate in drama for the first time and forget the dialogue because of the crowd in the theatre, then this happens because of _____ causative factor in recall.
- (1) Physical and Mental Fatigue
 - (2) Association
 - (3) Tendency of Mind
 - (4) Emotional Hindrance

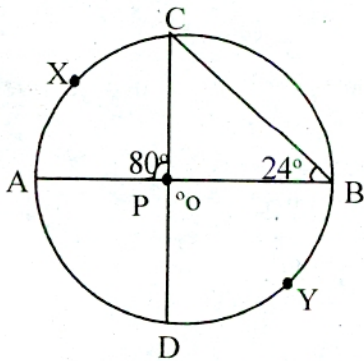
87. 'Companionship based Motivation' is factor of which Motivation ?
 (1) Physiological Motivation (2) Personal Motivation
 (3) Sociological Motivation (4) An of the above
88. Which of the following is an external factor of controlling attention ?
 (1) Interest (2) Immediate Needs
 (3) Habit (4) Change (Transformation)
89. Which of the following is included in teaching process ?
 (A) Imparting New Knowledge
 (B) Developing Skills
 (C) Giving Motivation to Thoughts
 (D) Emotional Development
 (1) A, B, C (2) A, B, C, D (3) C, D, B (4) A, C, D
90. Which of the following is incorrect point while writing the specification of objectives ?
 (1) Expected behavioural change should be visible.
 (2) Limits and quality (level) of skill should be clearly stated.
 (3) Many expected changes should be written in one sentence.
 (4) Specification should be written in singular form.

PART - C : MATHEMATICS AND SCIENCE

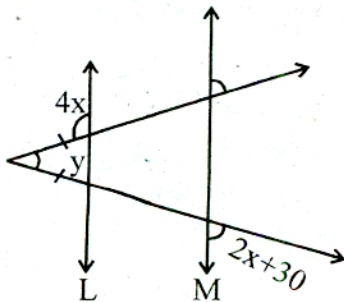
91. If $a(a + b) = 2418$, $b(a + b) = 3666$, then $b - a = ?$
 (1) 16 (2) 78 (3) 1248 (4) 61
92. The largest 4 digit cube from the following numbers is _____.
 (1) 9261 (2) 9100 (3) 9999 (4) 9299
93.
$$r \sqrt{\frac{9^{\left(\frac{r+1}{4}\right)} \sqrt{3 \times 3^{-r}}}{3\sqrt{3^{-r}}}} = ?$$

 (1) 3^r (2) 3^2 (3) 3^{r-1} (4) 9^2
94. If $m\angle A = 60^\circ$, $m\angle C = 40^\circ$ in $\triangle ABC$, then the side on which the area of the square drawn is more than that of the other two sides, is _____.
 (1) side AB (2) side BC (3) side AC (4) (1) and (2)

95. The maximum numbers of bisectors and perpendicular bisectors drawn to the line segment are respectively _____.
- (1) One, Infinite (2) Infinite, One (3) One, Two (4) Two, Two
96. The number of rational numbers between any two rational numbers is _____.
- (1) Infinite (2) Zero (3) One (4) Two
97. Which is the type of the triangle whose measurements of angles are $\sqrt{2x+1}$, x , $x+1$?
- (1) obtuse angled triangle (2) right triangle
(3) acute angled triangle (4) isosceles triangle
98. In diagram, O is the centre of the circle, if $m\angle APC = 80^\circ$, $m\angle CBP = 24^\circ$, then $m(\text{arc } C \times A) + m(\text{arc } BYD) = ?$

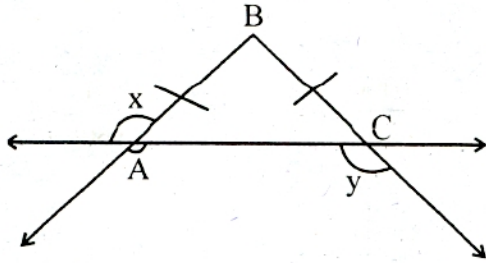


- (1) 80° (2) 120° (3) 56° (4) 160°
99. The supplementary angle of an angle between the North and East-South directions, is _____.
- (1) 135° (2) 45° (3) 90° (4) 25°
100. In diagram, if $L \parallel M$, then $y = ?$



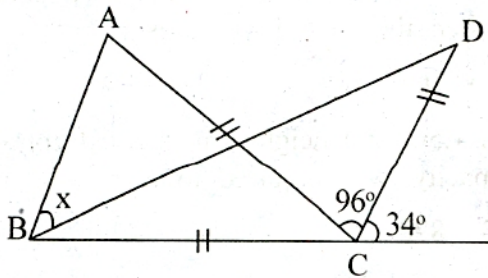
- (1) 25° (2) 80° (3) 10° (4) 20°

101. In diagram, if $x = 117^\circ$, then $y = ?$



- (1) 117° (2) 63° (3) 126° (4) 136°

102. In diagram, if $AC = BC = CD$, then $x = ?$



- (1) 48° (2) 84° (3) 34° (4) 96°

103. If number is divided by 4, 5, 6, then remainder is 3, what will be the smallest three digit number ?

- (1) 103 (2) 163 (3) 123 (4) 133

104. $83 * 39$ is divisible by 11, then the digit in the place of * is :

- (1) 9 (2) 3 (3) 0 (4) 1

105. $\left(4\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{4}\right) \div \left(4\frac{1}{2} - 2\frac{1}{4}\right) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

- (1) 1 (2) 2 (3) 3 (4) 4

106. $\frac{(5.3)^2 - (4.7)^2}{(5.3)^2 + (4.7)^2 + 2 \times 5.3 \times 4.7} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

- (1) 20.21 (2) 35.12 (3) 0.06 (4) 10

107. The ratio of 4.5 cm to 9 decametre is :

- (1) 1 : 2 (2) 50 : 1 (3) 2000 : 1 (4) 1 : 2000

108. $\frac{5^0 + 6^0 + 3^0}{5^0 \times 6^0 \times 3^0} = K$, then $K = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

- (1) 1 (2) 3 (3) $\frac{1}{3}$ (4) $\frac{7}{45}$

109. $\frac{1}{4}\%$ of 25% = _____.

- (1) $\frac{1}{1600}$ (2) $\frac{100}{16}$ (3) $\frac{1000}{16}$ (4) $\frac{1}{16000}$

110. $\left(1 + x^2\right)\left(1 + x^4\right)\left(1 + x^8\right)\left(1 + x^{16}\right)\left(1 - x^{16}\right) = ?$

- (1) $1 + x$ (2) $1 - x$ (3) 0 (4) 8

111. After getting two successive discounts, a shirt with a list of Rs. 150 is available at Rs. 105. If the second discount is 12.5%, then the first discount is :

- (1) 20% (2) 25% (3) 30% (4) 35%

112. A cuboid shaped tank of length 4m, breadth 1.5m and height 1m is filled completely with water. How many buckets of 8 lit capacity, will required to empty the tank ?

- (1) 570 (2) 750 (3) 870 (4) 780

113. Rs. 1,200 at simple interest amounts to Rs. 1,440 after 4 years. If rate of interest increased by 4%, then the amount is :

- (1) Rs. 2,032 (2) Rs. 1,632 (3) Rs. 2,440 (4) Rs. 4,320

114. If mean of x, x^{-1} is $\frac{7}{5}$. Then the mean of x, x^2, x^{-1}, x^{-2} is :

- (1) $\frac{216}{25}$ (2) $\frac{54}{25}$ (3) $\frac{14}{5}$ (4) $\frac{146}{25}$

115. A roller of diameter 0.8m and length 1.9m is used to press the ground. Then the area of ground pressed by it in 400 revolutions is : ($\pi = 3.14$)

- (1) 1990.12 sq.m. (2) 1608.12 sq.m. (3) 1909.12 sq.m. (4) 1612.18 sq.m.

116. A sum of money become three times itself at compound interest in six months. Then rate of interest is :

- (1) 300% (2) 200% (3) 800% (4) 600%

117. The measures of angles of a quadrilateral are in the proportion 4 : 16 : 8 : 20. Then the quadrilateral is :

- (1) a square (2) a trapezium (3) a parallelogram (4) a rhombus

118. Amit purchased sugar worth Rs. 400. He sold $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$ th at a loss of 10% and the remaining at a gain of 10%. On the whole he gets :

- (1) a loss of 5% (2) a gian of $5\frac{1}{2}\%$ (3) a loss of $5\frac{1}{19}\%$ (4) a loss of $5\frac{5}{19}\%$

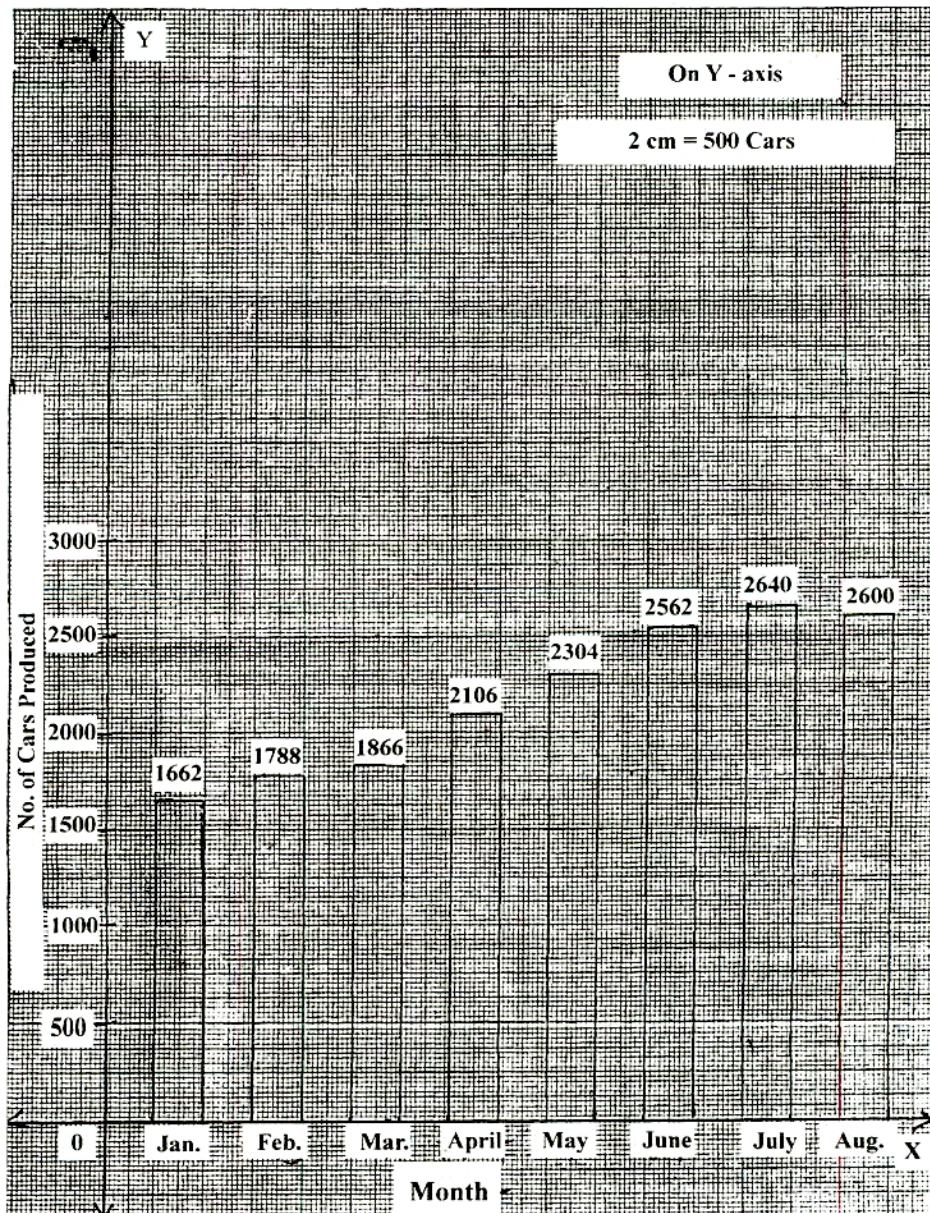
119. Radius of a circular garden is 35m. 40 pillars and a wire required for 4 rounds of a fencing to a circular garden. If the cost of wire is Rs. 10 per meter and cost of each pillar is Rs. 40. Then the total expenditure is : $\left(\pi = \frac{22}{7}\right)$

- (1) Rs. 10,000 (2) Rs. 10,400 (3) Rs. 9,600 (4) Rs. 10,040

120. The graph shows the production of cars by a company during the eight months period. Study the graph and answer the following question :

How many months have more than the average production for the given 8 months period ?

- (1) 2 (2) 4 (3) 5 (4) 3



121. Plants belonging to fungi are _____.
- (1) all autotrophic (2) all parasitic
(3) all saprophytic (4) either parasites or saprophytes
122. Basicity of Phosphoric Acid is _____.
- (1) 1 (2) 2 (3) 3 (4) 4
123. If a ball is dropped from a top of a building reaches the bottom in 3 seconds, then the height of building is _____.
- (1) 27.4m (2) 27m (3) 49m (4) 44.1m
124. Sac like structures of Golgy body are termed as _____.
- (1) lamellae (2) cisternae (3) cristae (4) vesicles
125. 1 gram-mole of heavy water is equal to _____ heavy water.
- (1) 18 gram (2) 19 gram (3) 3 gram (4) 20 gram
126. When water is heated from 0°C , its volume _____.
- (1) increases (2) decreases till 4°C
(3) remains the same (4) first increases then decreases
127. Number of milk teeth, which are replaced in man ?
- (1) 20 (2) 28 (3) 12 (4) 32
128. Titan is a moon or satellite of :
- (1) Mars (2) Venus (3) Jupiter (4) Saturn
129. When an object is placed between the focus and the pole of concave mirror, the image formed is :
- (1) real, inverted and small (2) real, inverted and enlarged
(3) real, erect and enlarged (4) virtual, erect and enlarged
130. Movement of leaves of Mimosa (Touch me not) is due to :-
- (1) seismonasty (2) thermonasty (3) photonasty (4) nyctinasty

131. If the speed of car becomes 3 times, then the kinetic energy of car becomes _____ times.
- (1) 3 (2) 6 (3) 9 (4) 12
132. The first organic substance ever prepared in laboratory from inorganic compounds is _____.
- (1) urea (2) ethyl alcohol (3) methane (4) ethane
133. Putrefaction means decomposition of _____.
- (1) carbohydrates by aerobic micro-organisms
(2) fats by aerobic micro-organisms
(3) carbohydrates by anaerobic micro-organisms
(4) proteins by anaerobic micro-organisms
134. What is the momentum of a body of mass 100g having kinetic energy 20J ?
- (1) 2 kg m/s (2) 1/2 kg m/s (3) 20 kg m/s (4) 40 kg m/s
135. Yellow Phosphorus is stored in _____.
- (1) Kerosene (2) Water (3) Ether (4) Alcohol
136. Fruits and flowers gain their orange and yellow colour through _____.
- (1) leucoplasts (2) chloroplasts (3) chromoplasts (4) protoplasts
137. pH scale is also called as _____ scale.
- (1) Kelvin (2) Sorenson (3) Avagadro (4) Levis
138. The sure test for magnetism is _____.
- (1) attraction (2) repulsion
(3) both attraction and repulsion (4) strength of magnet
139. If four daughter cells after meiosis have 3 chromosomes each, then the mother cell would have _____ chromosomes.
- (1) 12 (2) 3 (3) 6 (4) 46

140. What is the absolute temperature of 27°C ?
(1) 300k (2) 30k (3) -300k (4) 246k
141. The relative atomic masses of many elements are not whole numbers because _____.
(1) they cannot be determined very accurately.
(2) atoms ionize during determination.
(3) of the existence of isotopes.
(4) of the presence of impurities.
142. 'Escherichia Coli' bacteria in human intestine help to synthesize _____.
(1) Vitamin 'B' and 'D' (2) Vitamin 'B' and 'C'
(3) Vitamin 'A' and 'K' (4) Vitamin 'B' and 'K'
143. Which of the following is not directly derived from the sun's energy ?
(1) Geothermal Energy (2) Tidal Energy
(3) Wood Energy (4) Fossil Fuels
144. Water is used as a coolant because of its _____.
(1) Low density (2) High specific heat
(3) Low specific heat (4) High density
145. The Earth Summit held in Rio-de-Janiero (1992) emphasized the need for :
(1) control air pollution (2) control global warming
(3) conservation of biodiversity (4) protection of Antarctica region
146. If the length of wire and its area of cross section is halved then its resistance will be _____.
(1) halved (2) unchanged (3) doubled (4) four times
147. In the balanced chemical reaction $a\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + b\text{H}_2 \rightarrow c\text{Fe} + d\text{H}_2\text{O}$
a, b, c and d respectively are _____.
(1) 1, 1, 2, 3 (2) 1, 1, 1, 1 (3) 1, 2, 2, 3 (4) 1, 3, 2, 3
148. Maximum permissible noise as per Noise Pollution Rule 2000 in industrial area is _____.
(1) 75 dB (2) 65 dB (3) 55 dB (4) 45 dB
149. The strong smelling substance added to LPG is _____.
(1) ethanol (2) ethanal (3) ethyl mercaptan (4) ethyl butane

150. Which of the following is not correct ?

- (1) Weight of body having mass 1kg = 9.8N
- (2) Momentum is a vector quantity
- (3) Force is a scalar quantity
- (4) Momentum is conserved in the absence of external force

OR

(Q. NOS. : 91 TO 150)

PART - C : SOCIAL STUDIES

91. Earlier _____ was the main source of income for the British Government.

- (1) Trade
- (2) Cash Crops
- (3) Land Revenue
- (4) Taxes on Textile Industry

92. The main consequence of the revolt of 1857 was _____.

- (1) Railway was introduced in India.
- (2) The rule of British East India Company started in India.
- (3) Queen Victoria took over the administration of England in her hands.
- (4) Queen Victoria issued a proclamation addressing the Indians.

93. The stone age cave paintings found at _____ in Madhya Pradesh are famous.

- (1) Ajanta
- (2) Bhimbetka
- (3) Verud
- (4) Karla

94. Who advised the people to 'have faith in their intellect and do not rely on someone else's saying' ?

- (1) Roger Bacon
- (2) Dante
- (3) Shakespeare
- (4) Gallileo

95. The treaty of Bassein (or Vasai) was signed between _____ and _____.

- (1) Tipu Sultan and British
- (2) Peshwa Bajirao II and British
- (3) Raghunathrao and British
- (4) The Peshwa and Portuguese

96. Who was not the leader of Prarthna Samaj ?

- (1) Atmaram Tarkhadkar
- (2) R. G. Bhandarkar
- (3) G. G. Agarkar
- (4) Justice M. G. Ranade

97. Why did Shivaji Maharaj sacked especially Surat ?
- (1) Surat was big port.
 - (2) He wanted to teach lesson to mighty Mughals.
 - (3) He wanted to give blow to Mughal Empire.
 - (4) Surat was economically prosperous.
98. What was the main characteristic of the Battle of Plassey in 1757 ?
- (1) British took disadvantage of trade concessions.
 - (2) Conflict between Siraj-ud-Daulah and British began.
 - (3) The British won the battle by treachery and deceit.
 - (4) The British lured Mir Jafar by promising to make him the Nawab of Bengal.
99. Who rebelled against the British in Konkan ?
- | | |
|----------------------|------------------|
| (1) The Fond Sawants | (2) The Ramoshis |
| (3) The Marathas | (4) The Gadkaris |
100. Indian Renaissance mainly is _____.
- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) Curious and Analytical Approach | (2) Rationalism |
| (3) Intellectual Awakening | (4) Scientific Attitude |
101. In later half of 16th century, trampling of rights of subjects started in Europe, because _____.
- (1) The rituals of the clergymen
 - (2) Monarchies became very powerful
 - (3) Influence of feudal lords
 - (4) No motivation from renaissance
102. What was the main reason behind the increasing tension between American Colonies and England ?
- (1) Custom checks increased
 - (2) Tax was imposed on sugar that was imported to America from West Indies
 - (3) Presence of the British troops in America
 - (4) Stamp duty was levied on newspapers legal documents and playing cards.

103. Out of these, which duo is not French ?
- (1) Montesquieu – Voltaire (2) Mazini - Carvour
 (3) Roussaeu - Montesquieu (4) Voltaire - Roussaeu
104. Africa is regarded as 'Black Continent' because _____ .
- (1) People were black skinned (2) Land was black
 (3) Most of the part was unknown (4) Racial descrimination was practiced there
105. The diffrence between two world wars was of _____ years.
- (1) Twenty (2) Twenty Five (3) Fifteen (4) Ten
106. _____ is known as Missile Man.
- (1) Satish Dhavan (2) Dr. A. P. J. Abdul Kalam
 (3) Dr. Vikram Sarabhai (4) Dr. Homi Bhabha
107. Out of these, which was not revolutionay Organisation ?
- (1) Abhinav Bharat (2) Anushilan Samiti
 (3) Arya Samaj (4) Yugantar
108. _____ was President of America during 1st World War.
- (1) Truman (2) Churchill (3) Woodrow Wilson (4) Roosevelt
109. _____ was the first individual satyagrahi.
- (1) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru (2) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
 (3) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (4) Vinoba Bhave
110. Head quarter of League of Nations was at _____.
- (1) New York (2) London (3) Geneva (4) Hague
111. The 'Panchasheel Principles' were put forth by _____ in 1954.
- (1) Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar (2) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru
 (3) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (4) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
112. The Security Council of the United Nations has _____ permanent members.
- (1) Four (2) Six (3) Five (4) Ten

113. The countries that are free from external control and are supreme with regard to internal matters, carrying on their work independently are called _____.
- (1) Sovereign (2) Independent (3) Developing (4) Developed
114. The Vice President is the Ex-officio-chairman of the _____.
- (1) Lok Sabha (2) Judiciary (3) Parliament (4) Rajyasabha
115. Who among the following is not the Assistant Officer to the Municipal Commissioner ?
- (1) Deputy Commissioner (2) City Engineer
(3) Medical Officer (4) Deputy Mayor
116. Which High Court has Jurisdiction over the Union Territory of Andaman and Nicobar Islands ?
- (1) Mumbai (2) Delhi (3) Kolkata (4) Nagpur
117. Which among the following is included in Para Military Forces ?
- (1) Border Security Force (2) Army
(3) Navy (4) Air Force
118. Milind has completed 13 years of his age. After how many years from now will he get the right to vote ?
- (1) 3 years (2) 5 years (3) 8 years (4) 6 years
119. Who has the authority to appoint the 'Election Commissioner of India' ?
- (1) The Prime Minister (2) The President
(3) The Central Law Minister (4) Parliament
120. Out of these, who is not associated with non-alignment movement ?
- (1) Marshal Tito (2) Gamal Abdul Naser
(3) Sukarno (4) Truman
121. The Clusters of Stars known as _____.
- (1) Milky Way (2) Galaxy (3) Nebula (4) Cluster of Stars
122. On the new moon days and full moon days tide is called _____.
- (1) Neap Tide (2) Spring Tide (3) Polar Tide (4) Equatorial Tide

123. For the launching things in space is used _____.
- (1) Rocket (2) Satellite (3) Skylab (4) Chandrayan
124. Richter Scale is a unit of measuring the magnitude of a/an _____.
- (1) Earth Movement (2) Volcano
(3) Earthquake (4) Creation of Plate
125. Alluminium is brought from _____.
- (1) Copper (2) Boxcite (3) Iron (4) Mangnese
126. Research is a _____ activity.
- (1) Primary (2) Secondary (3) Tertiary (4) Quaternary
127. _____ is one of the highest dam in the world.
- (1) Hirakund (2) Jaikwadi (3) Bhakra-Nangal (4) Tungbhadra
128. Kath is made from _____ tree.
- (1) Teak (2) Deodar (3) Haldu (4) Khair
129. _____ is the highest peak in the Satpuda Mountain Ranges.
- (1) Kalsubai (2) Dhoopgad (3) Mahendragiri (4) Annimudi
130. _____ country is the origin of Mangrove Tree.
- (1) India (2) Nepal (3) China (4) Myanmar
131. _____ is a historical city located along the Olona River.
- (1) Venice (2) Naples (3) Milan (4) Turin
132. _____ is the largest island in the world.
- (1) Srilanka (2) Ireland (3) Greenland (4) Australia
133. _____ Mountain Range is located along the Western Coast of South America.
- (1) Himalaya (2) Andes (3) Alpas (4) Rocky
134. According to area India is the _____ largest country in the world.
- (1) Fifth (2) Sixth (3) Seventh (4) Eighth

135. The Capital of Andaman and Nicobar Island is _____
(1) Port Blair (2) Kavratti (3) Delhi (4) Silvassa
136. The Indira Gandhi Canal irrigates north-west _____.
(1) Gujarat (2) Rajasthan (3) Uttar Pradesh (4) Madhya Pradesh
137. The highest peak 'Gurushikhar' is in _____ Mountain.
(1) Vindhya (2) Satpuda (3) Aravalli (4) Himalaya
138. Sweet Water Koleru Lake is in _____ State.
(1) Odisha (2) Kerala (3) Tamilnadu (4) Andhra Pradesh
139. _____ is the western flowing river of Indian Plateau.
(1) Narmada (2) Krishna (3) Sabarmati (4) Kaveri
140. Which is an unit of measuring sea depth ?
(1) Meter (2) Rishter (3) Fathom (4) Feet
141. Australia's Grass Land is known as _____.
(1) Pampas (2) Downs (3) Prairies (4) Velds
142. _____ is the Active Volcano.
(1) Vensuvius (2) Killimanjaro (3) Katmai (4) Fujiyama
143. The imaginary lines joining places of equal temperature are known as _____.
(1) Isobars (2) Isohytes (3) Isotherms (4) Contours
144. _____ tree is found in Equatorial Forest.
(1) Mahogany (2) Teak (3) Palash (4) Khair
145. _____ people are found in Central and Eastern Part of Asia.
(1) Negrioids (2) Mongoloids (3) Bushmanoids (4) Australoids

146. _____ is an important highway, that connects North America and South America.
- (1) The Trans Canadian Highway (2) The Grand Truck Road
(3) The Pan American Highway (4) Stwert Highway
147. Suez Canal Route is very important because _____.
- (1) it is at sea level (2) it is connect Mumbai and London
(3) it saves the distance and time (4) it is a private canal
148. _____ is centre in all kinds of development.
- (1) Region (2) Man (3) Nature (4) Transportation
149. _____ country is the one of the founding member of SAARC.
- (1) China (2) Myanmar (3) Indonesia (4) Nepal
150. Iron and Steel Industries are located near _____.
- (1) Coal Fields (2) Water Supply Regions
(3) Market Place (4) Electricity
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“कच्चे काम”